PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference		See Notification of Transmittal of International
116842.6 LK	FOR FURTHER ACTION	Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/	/year) Priority date (day/month/year)
PCT/IL99/00431	05/08/1999	05/08/1998
International Patent Classification (If G01B11/24 Applicant	PC) or national classification and IPC	<u>.</u>
CADENT LTD. et al.		
This international prelimina and is transmitted to the appropriate to the appropriat	ry examination report has been prepared oplicant according to Article 36.	by this International Preliminary Examining Authority
2. This REPORT consists of a	a total of 5 sheets, including this cover sl	heet.
been amended and ar	ompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the e the basis for this report and/or sheets of Section 607 of the Administrative Instructi	ne description, claims and/or drawings which have containing rectifications made before this Authority ions under the PCT).
These annexes consist of	a total of 8 sheets.	
	<u> </u>	
3. This report contains indica	tions relating to the following items:	
∣ ⊠ Basis of the re	eport e	•
Ⅱ □ Priority		
III 🛛 Non-establish	ment of opinion with regard to novelty, in	ventive step and industrial applicability
V ⊠ Lack of unity		
V 🛭 Reasoned sta	itement under Article 35(2) with regard to explanations suporting such statement	novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;
VI ☐ Certain docu	ments cited	
VII Certain defec	ts in the international application	
VIII ☐ Certain obser	vations on the international application	· .
Date of submission of the demand	Date o	of completion of this report
29/02/2000		i\$ ≥ 09. 00
Name and mailing address of the preliminary examining authority:		rized officer
European Patent Off D-80298 Munich	Mielk	(e, W
Fax: +49 89 2399 - 0	Tx: 523656 epmu d 1465 Telept	hone No. +49 89 2399 2661

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/IL99/00431

l.	Bas	is	of	the	re	por	t
----	-----	----	----	-----	----	-----	---

1. This report has been drawn on the basis of (substitute sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to the report since they do not contain amendments.):

	Description, pages:			
	1-14	as originally filed		
	Claims, No.:			
	1-37	as received on	11/09/2000 with letter of	11/09/2000
•	Drawings, sheets:			
	1/5-5/5	as originally filed		
		-		
	2. The amendments have	ve resulted in the cancella	ation of:	
	☐ the description,	pages:		
	☐ the claims,	Nos.:		
	the drawings,	sheets:		
	3. ☐ This report has l considered to go	been established as if (so beyond the disclosure a	ome of) the amendments had not been mas filed (Rule 70.2(c)):	ade, since they have been
:- :_:				
	4. Additional observation	ons, if necessary:		
	III. Non establishment	of oninion with regard	to novelty, inventive step and industri	al applicability
			•	
	The questions whether or to be industrially app	the claimed invention applicable have not been exa	pears to be novel, to involve an inventive amined in respect of:	step (to be non-obvious),
	☐ the entire intern	national application.		
	⊠ claims Nos. 35,	,37.		
	because:			

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/IL99/00431

[the said international application, or the said claims Nos. relate to the following subject matter which does not require an international preliminary examination (<i>specify</i>):
	⊠	the description, claims or drawings (<i>indicate particular elements below</i>) or said claims Nos. are so unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed (<i>specify</i>):
		see separate sheet
		the claims, or said claims Nos. are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed.
		no international search report has been established for the said claims Nos
IV.	Lac	k of unity of invention
1.	In r	esponse to the invitation to restrict or pay additional fees the applicant has:
		restricted the claims.
		paid additional fees.
		paid additional fees under protest.
		neither restricted nor paid additional fees.
2.	Ø	This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied and chose, according to Rule 68.1, not to invite the applicant to restrict or pay additional fees.
3.	Th	is Authority considers that the requirement of unity of invention in accordance with Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3 i
		complied with.
	Ø	not complied with for the following reasons:
		see separate sheet
4.	. Co	onsequently, the following parts of the international application were the subject of international preliminary amination in establishing this report:
	×	all parts.
		the parts relating to claims Nos

- V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
- 1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims 1-34,36

No: Claims

Inventive step (IS) Yes: Claims 1-34,36

No: Claims

Industrial applicability (IA) Yes: Claims 1-34,36

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

Item V:

Independent claims 1,18,32,36 relate to apparatus for determining surface topology of a teeth portion. They all comprise a probing member, an illumination unit for providing an array of incident light beams, light focusing optics, a translation mechanism, a detector, and a processor. In claim 1 a mirror with a central aperture is used, and in claim 18 the illumination unit comprises at least two light sources. In claim 32 the probing member is in the form of a specially elongated transparent body, and in claim 36 a transparent plate is fixed with an air gap to an elongated transparent body. Such special embodiments are not indicated with existing used arrays of light beams in a confocal measuring mode. Accordingly claims 1-34,36 are regarded to meet the criteria of article 33(2-4) PCT.

Item IV:

(· · · ·

(· .

The linking concept of the above four embodiments is a confocal array of light beams. But this is indicated in figure 25 of EP-A1-679864, using a pinhole array PHA1, column 2 lines 9-27. Accordingly the requirement of unity of invention is not met, rule 13.1 PCT.

Item III:

In claims 35,37 probing members for use in claimed apparatus are stated. No features of the probing members are given, so that an opinion is not possible.

5

10

15 .

20

25

CLAIMS:

- An apparatus for determining surface topology of a teeth portion, comprising:
 - a probing member with a sensing end face for placing proximal to the teeth portion;
 - an illumination unit for providing an array of incident light beams transmitted towards the teeth portion along an optical path through said probing unit to generate illuminated spots on said portion;
 - a light focusing optics defining one or more focal planes forward said end face at a position changeable by said optics, each light beam having its focus on one of said focal planes;
 - a translation mechanism for displacing the focal planes relative to the teeth portion along an axis defined by the propagation of the incident light beams;
 - a detector having an array of sensing elements for measuring intensity
 of each of a plurality of imaging light beams returning from said spots
 propagating along an optical path opposite to that of the incident light
 beams;
 - a mirror disposed between said illumination unit and said light focusing
 optics, the mirror having a central aperture and being capable of passing
 said incident light beams towards said light focusing optics and of
 reflecting said imaging light beams towards said detector by an area of
 the mirror surrounding said aperture;
 - a processor coupled to said detector for determining for each light beam a spot-specific position, being the position of the respective focal plane of said one or more focal planes yielding maximum measured intensity of the returned light beam, and based on the determined spot-specific positions, generating data representative of the topology of said portion.
- An apparatus according to Claim 1, wherein said probing member is in the form of an elongated transparent body having a front face, an end mirror and top, bottom and side walls extending therebetween, said

sensing end face being associated with said bottom wall's outer surface adjacent said end mirror, said bottom wall having a front section extending inwardly from said front face transversely to said top wall and a rear section substantially co-directional with said top wall, said front face being inclined relative to said top wall so as to ensure that the beams incident on the front face perpendicularly thereto impinge said top wall at an angle providing their total internal reflection therefrom and their further bouncing, by means of total internal reflection between the top wall and said rear section of the bottom wall towards said end mirror to be redirected thereby towards said sensing end face.

10

15

20

25

- 3. An apparatus according to Claim 2, wherein said sensing end face is in the form of a transparent plate fixed to said bottom wall's outer surface and spaced therefrom by an air gap.
- 4. The apparatus according to Claim 1, wherein said illumination unit comprises a source emitting a parent light beam and a beam splitter for splitting the parent beam into said array of incident light beams.
 - The apparatus according to Claim 4, wherein said illumination unit comprises a grating or microlens array.
 - 6. The apparatus according to any one of Claims 1 5, comprising a polarizer for polarizing said incident light beams are polarized.
 - 7. The apparatus according to Claim 6, comprising a polarization filter for filtering out from the returned light beams light components having the polarization of the incident light beams.
 - 8. The apparatus according to any one of Claims 1 7, wherein the illumination unit comprises at least two light sources and each of said incident beams is composed of light components from the at least two light sources.
 - The apparatus according to Claim 8, wherein the at least two light sources emit light component of different wavelengths.
- The apparatus according to Claim 9, wherein said light focusing optics defines a different focal plane for each light component and the detector independently detects intensity of each light component.

YON: FPA -MIENCHEN 04

10

15

25

- The apparatus according to Claim 8, wherein the at least two light sources are located so as to define optical paths of different lengths for the incident light beams emitted by each of the at least two light sources.
- 5 12. The apparatus according to any one of Claims 1 11, wherein said focusing optics operates in a telecentric confocal mode.
 - 13. The apparatus according to any one of Claims 1 12, wherein said light focusing optics comprises optical fibers.
 - 14. The apparatus according to any one of Claims I 13, wherein said sensing elements are an array of charge coupled devices (CCD).
 - 15. The apparatus according to Claim 14, wherein said detector unit comprises a pinhole array, each pinhole corresponding to one of the CCDs in the CCD array.
 - 16. The apparatus according to any one of Claims 1 15, comprising a unit for generating data for transmission to CAD/CAM device.
 - 17. The apparatus according to Claim 16, comprising a communication port of a communication medium.
 - 18. An apparatus for determining surface topology of a teeth portion, comprising:
- a probing member with a sensing end face for placing proximate to the teeth portion;
 - an illumination unit comprising at least two light sources emitting light of different wavelength for providing an array of incident light beams each composed of light components from said at least two light sources, for transmitting said beams towards the teeth portion along an optical path through said probing member to generate illuminated spots on said portion;
 - a light focusing optics defining a focal plane for each of said light components of each light beam forward said sensing end face at a position changeable by said optics;
 - a translation mechanism for displacing said focal plane relative to the teeth portion along said optical path;

: YOUNEEPA-DUBNOUSA, J-

15

20

11-09-2000

a detector having an array of sensing elements for measuring intensity of
each light component of each of a plurality of imaging light beams
returning from said spots propagating through an optical path opposite
to that of the incident light beams;

ಕರ್ಮ್ಯ ಕ್ಷಾರ್ಡ್ನ (೧೯೮೨) ಕ್ರೀರ್ಥ್ಯ ಕ್ರೀರ್ಥ್ಗಳ ಅರ್ಥಿಕೆ ಕ್ರಿಕ್ಟರ ಕ್ರಾಕ್ಟರಕ್ಕೆ ಕರ್ಮಕ್ಕೆ ಕರ್ಮಕ್ಕೆ ಕರ್ಮಕ್ಕೆ ಕರ್ಮಕ್ಕೆ

- a processor coupled to said detector for determining, for each light component of each light beam, a spot-specific position being the position of the respective focal plane of yielding maximum measured intensity of the imaging light beam, and based on the determined spot-specific positions, generating data representative of the topology of teeth portion.
 - 19. The apparatus according to Claim 18, wherein said illumination unit further comprises a beam splitter for splitting parent beams emitted by said light sources into said array of incident light beams.
 - 20. The apparatus according to Claim 19, wherein said illumination unit comprises a grating or microlens array.
 - 21. The apparatus according to any one of Claims 18 20, comprising a polarizer for polarizing said incident light beams are polarized.
 - 22. The apparatus according to Claim 21, comprising a polarization filter for filtering out from the imaging light beams light components having the polarization of the incident light beams.
 - 23. The apparatus according to any one of Claims 18 22, wherein said focusing optics operates in a telecentric confocal mode.
 - 24. The appearatus according to any one of Claims 18 23, wherein said light focusing optics comprises optical fibers.
- 25. The apparatus according to any one of Claims 18 24, wherein said sensing elements are an array of charge coupled devices (CCD).
 - 26. The apparatus according to Claim 25, wherein said detector unit comprises a pinhole array, each pinhole corresponding to one of the CCDs in the CCD array.
- 30 27. The apparatus according to any one of Claims 18 26, comprising a unit for generating data for transmission to CAD/CAM device.

5

- 28. The apparatus according to Claim 27, comprising a communication port of a communication medium.
- 29. An apparatus according to any one of Claims 18 28, further including a mirror disposed between said illumination unit and said light focusing optics, the mirror having a central aperture and being capable of passing said incident light beams towards said light focusing optics and of reflecting said imaging light beams towards said detector by an area of the mirror surrounding said aperture.
- An apparatus according to any one of Claims 18 29, wherein said 30. probing member is in the form of an elongated transparent body having 10 a front face, an end mirror and top, bottom and side walls extending therebetween, said sensing end face being associated with said bottom wall's outer surface adjacent said end mirror, said bottom wall having a front section extending inwardly from said front face transversely to said top wall and a rear section substantially co-directional with said top 15 wall, said front face being inclined relative to said top wall so as to ensure that the beams incident on the front face perpendicularly thereto impinge said top wall at an angle providing their total internal reflection therefrom and their further bouncing, by means of total internal reflection between the top wall and said rear section of the bottom wall 20 towards said end mirror to be redirected thereby towards said sensing end face.
 - 31. An apparatus according to Claim 30, wherein said sensing end face is in the form of a transparent plate fixed to said bottom wall's outer surface and spaced therefrom by an air gap.
 - 32. An apparatus for determining surface topology of a teeth portion, comprising:
 - a probing member with a sensing end face for placing proximal to the teeth portion;
- an illumination unit for providing an array of incident light beams transmitted towards the teeth portion along an optical path through said probing unit to generate illuminated spots on said portion;

5

10

15

20

25

a light focusing optics defining one or more focal planes forward said end face at a position changeable by said optics, each light beam having its focus on one of said focal planes;

Sign is the specification of the specimens of

- a translation mechanism for displacing the focal planes relative to the teeth portion along an axis defined by the propagation of the incident light beams:
- a detector having an array of sensing elements for measuring intensity of each of a plurality of imaging light beams returning from said spots propagating along an optical path opposite to that of the incident light beams:
- a processor coupled to said detector for determining for each light beam a spot-specific position, being the position of the respective focal plane of said one or more focal planes yielding maximum measured intensity of the returned light beam, and based on the determined spot-specific positions, generating data representative of the topology of said portion;
 - said probing member being in the form of an elongated transparent body having a front face, an end mirror, and top, bottom and side walls extending therebetween, said sensing end face being associated with said bottom wall's outer surface adjacent said end mirror, said bottom wall having a front section extending inwardly from said front face transversely to said top wall and a rear section substantially co-directional with said top wall, said front face being inclined relative to said top wall so as to ensure that light beams incident on the front face perpendicularly thereto impinge said top wall at an angle providing their total internal reflection therefrom and further bouncing, by means of total internal reflection, between the top wall and said rear section of the bottom wall towards said end mirror to be redirected thereby towards said sensing end face.
- 33. An apparatus according to Claim 32, wherein said sensing end face is in the form of a transparent plate fixed to said bottom wall's outer surface and spaced therefrom by an air gap.

(

10

15

25

34. An apparatus according to Claim 32 or 33, wherein said probing member, as seen in its side view, has a thickness that is essentially greater along said front section of the bottom wall than along said rear section of the bottom wall.

TO SELECT OF THE SECOND TO A CONTROL OF THE SECOND OF THE

- 5 35. A probing member for use in an apparatus according to any one of Claim 32, 33 and 34.
 - 36. An apparatus for determining surface topology of a teeth portion, comprising:
 - a probing member with a sensing end face for placing proximal to the teeth portion;
 - an illumination unit for providing an array of incident light beams transmitted towards the teeth portion along an optical path through said probing unit to generate illuminated spots on said portion;
 - a light focusing optics defining one or more focal planes forward said end face at a position changeable by said optics, each light beam having its focus on one of said focal planes;
 - a translation mechanism for displacing the focal planes relative to the teeth portion along an axis defined by the propagation of the incident light beams;
- a detector having an array of sensing elements for measuring intensity
 of each of a plurality of imaging light beams returning from said spots
 propagating along an optical path opposite to that of the incident light
 beams;
 - a processor coupled to said detector for determining for each light beam a spot-specific position, being the position of the respective focal plane of said one or more focal planes yielding maximum measured intensity of the returned light beam, and based on the determined spot-specific positions, generating data representative of the topology of said portion;
- said probing member being in the form of an elongated transparent body having a front face, an end mirror, and top, bottom and side walls extending therebetween, said sensing end face being in the form of a

transparent plate fixed to said bottom wall's outer surface and spaced therefrom by an air gap.

37. A probing member for use in an apparatus according to Claim 36.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Inten nal Application No PCT/IL 99/00431

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 G01B11/24 A610 A61C19/04 A61C13/00 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) G01B A61C Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included. In the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Relevant to claim No. Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Category ° 1.18 EP 0 679 864 A (KOMATSU) X 2 November 1995 (1995-11-02) column 2, line 9 - line 27; figure 25 1-3. GB 2 321 517 A (YOKOGAWA) X 18-21 29 July 1998 (1998-07-29) figures 3,6,7 1,18 DE 196 38 758 A (RUBBERT) Α 19 March 1998 (1998-03-19) figure 4 13 US 4 575 805 A (MOERMANN ET AL.) Α 11 March 1986 (1986-03-11) column 9, line 61 -column 10, line 42 -/--Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Patent family members are listed in annex. Special categories of cited documents: "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "E" earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such docu-"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. "P" document published prior to the international filing date but "&" document member of the same patent family later than the priority date claimed Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 06/12/1999 30 November 1999 Authorized officer Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nt, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016 Mielke, W

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Inter posit Application No
PCT/IL 99/00431

	PCT/IL 99/00431
ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
GB 2 144 537 A (ISTITUTO) 6 March 1985 (1985-03-06) page 2, line 26 - line 49; figure 2	5,23
US 5 737 084 A (TAKAOKA) 7 April 1998 (1998-04-07) figures 5-7	20
DE 196 50 391 A (LEICA) 10 June 1998 (1998-06-10) figure 1	
DE 196 40 495 A (LEICA) 9 April 1998 (1998-04-09) figure 1	
WO 97 37264 A (KOMATSU) 9 October 1997 (1997-10-09) figure 1	
US 5 381 236 A (OXFORD SENSOR) 10 January 1995 (1995-01-10) column 3, line 21 - line 44; figure 1	
•	
	GB 2 144 537 A (ISTITUTO) 6 March 1985 (1985-03-06) page 2, line 26 - line 49; figure 2 US 5 737 084 A (TAKAOKA) 7 April 1998 (1998-04-07) figures 5-7 DE 196 50 391 A (LEICA) 10 June 1998 (1998-06-10) figure 1 DE 196 40 495 A (LEICA) 9 April 1998 (1998-04-09) figure 1 WO 97 37264 A (KOMATSU) 9 October 1997 (1997-10-09) figure 1 US 5 381 236 A (OXFORD SENSOR) 10 January 1995 (1995-01-10)

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

information on patent family members

interr nal Application No PCT/IL 99/00431

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date		atent family nember(s)	Publication date
EP 0679864	A	02-11-1995	US WO JP	5659420 A 9509346 A 7181023 A	19-08-1997 06-04-1995 18-07-1995
GB 2321517	Α	29-07-1998	NONE		
DE 19638758	A	19-03-1998	AU WO EP	4111497 A 9811403 A 0935736 A	02-04-1998 19-03-1998 18-08-1999
US 4575805	A	11-03-1986	AT EP JP JP JP	14073 T 0054785 A 1665145 C 3017494 B 57173053 A	15-07-1985 30-06-1982 19-05-1992 08-03-1991 25-10-1982
GB 2144537	Α	06-03-1985	IT DE FR	1198660 B 3428593 A 2550332 A	21-12-1988 14-02-1985 08-02-1985
US 5737084	A	07-04-1998	JP JP JP US	9096512 A 9126739 A 9257440 A 5946100 A	08-04-1997 16-05-1997 03-10-1997 31-08-1999
DE 19650391	Α	10-06-1998	WO EP	9825171 A 0943113 A	11-06-1998 22-09-1999
DE 19640495	Α	09-04-1998	WO	9814132 A	09-04-1998
WO 9737264	Α	09-10-1997	JP	9264720 A	07-10-1997
US 5381236	A	10-01-1995	AU DE DE EP WO JP JP	1195892 A 69207176 D 69207176 T 0571431 A 9214118 A 6505096 T 6506287 T	07-09-1992 08-02-1996 04-07-1996 01-12-1993 20-08-1992 09-06-1994

F.om the INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

To:

REINHOLD COHN AND PARTNERS

P.O. Box 4060 61040 Tel-Aviv ISRAEL



- 5 -10 - 2000

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Rule 71.1)

REINHOLD COHN & PARTNERS

Date of mailing (day/month/year)

2 9. 09. 00

Applicant's or agent's file reference

116842.6 LK

PCT/IL99/00431

International filing date (day/month/year) 05/08/1999

Priority date (day/month/year)

IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION

05/08/1998

Applicant

CADENT LTD. et al.

International application No.

- The applicant is hereby notified that this International Preliminary Examining Authority transmits herewith the international preliminary examination report and its annexes, if any, established on the international application.
- 2. A copy of the report and its annexes, if any, is being transmitted to the International Bureau for communication to all the elected Offices.
- 3. Where required by any of the elected Offices, the International Bureau will prepare an English translation of the report (but not of any annexes) and will transmit such translation to those Offices.

4. REMINDER

The applicant must enter the national phase before each elected Office by performing certain acts (filing translations and paying national fees) within 30 months from the priority date (or later in some Offices) (Article 39(1)) (see also the reminder sent by the International Bureau with Form PCT/IB/301).

Where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any annexes to the international preliminary examination report. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and furnish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned.

For further details on the applicable time limits and requirements of the elected Offices, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

Name and mailing address of the IPEA/

European Patent Office D-80298 Munich

Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d

Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465

Authorized officer

De Caevel, J-M

Tel.+49 89 2399-2557

